Ultrasonic Flow Meter for Management of Fuel Gas
Model ATZTA UX/UZ (40A, 50A)
Operation Manual
Introduction

Thank you very much for purchasing the High performance Ultrasonic Flow Meter UX/UZ Series for Fuel Gas this time. Please be sure to read this Operation Manual to use this product correctly and safely and to prevent accident.

Please arrange for operators who actually use this product to know the context of this Operation Manual surely. This Operation Manual is necessary for performing maintenance, too. Please keep the Manual in a safe place until this product is disposed of.

Confirmation of package contents

Upon delivery of the product, confirm that the following items are contained in the package before using the product:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Quantity</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ultrasonic flow meter</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Operation manual (this document)</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hexagonal wrench</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flange gasket</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>Option</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bolt set (Bolts, plain washers, nuts)</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>Option</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

If there is any incorrect item, shortage, or any defect in the external appearance, please contact your nearest branch or sales office.
Safety concerns

To ensure the safe use of this product and to prevent an accident or an unexpected situation, instructions to which attention must be paid are indicated with the following symbols.

Structure of warning indications

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Symbol</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="Danger" /></td>
<td>Incorrect handling by ignoring to follow instructions of this symbol may lead to imminent danger of death or serious injury.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="Warning" /></td>
<td>Incorrect handling by ignoring to follow instructions of this symbol may lead to possibility of death or serious injury.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="Caution" /></td>
<td>Incorrect handling by ignoring to follow instructions of this symbol may lead to injury and/or properties loss (product damage, etc.).</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- This symbol indicates acts requiring “caution” and that improper operation may result in an accident.
- This symbol indicates “prohibited” acts.
- This symbol indicates “mandatory” acts that you should observe strictly.
**Precautions for use**

1. Do not use for applications that require safety, such as nuclear, railroad, aircraft, vehicle, playground equipment, etc.
2. Do not modify the product.
3. Do not use the product for foods, drinks, medical purposes, etc., because it is not designed for sanitary specifications.
4. Do not use the product in the atmosphere of an inflammable gas, etc., because it is not designed for explosion-proof specifications. The meters do not conform to ATEX (explosion-proof) directive (2014/34/EU).

**Danger**

1. Do not use gases any other than city gas (13A), propane gas, butane, nitrogen gas, and argon.
2. Observe the temperature and humidity ranges (-10 to +60°C and 90%RH or lower) and operating pressure range ([UX] 0 to 100 kPa (gauge pressure), [UZ] 0 to 500 kPa (gauge pressure) in use.
3. Avoid usage in an atmosphere containing a corrosive gas (chlorine, hydrogen sulfide, etc.) and/or for an application to a fluid containing a corrosive gas.
4. This product is not of a perfect waterproof structure (IP64). Do not install it at a place that may be submerged in water.
5. Install the flow meter as far away from an electric noise source as possible. If you install the flow meter near an electric noise source, it is recommended to use a shield wire as a cable which is connected to the flow meter. In this case, ground the shield wire to FG of any device other than the flow meter.
6. The installation of a sunshade is recommended if the flow meter is exposed to direct sunlight.
7. If you use the flow meter for propane or butane, use it under conditions where there is no oil mist state due to re-liquefaction, etc. If oil mist is affixed inside the flow meter, it may cause a failure in flow-rate measurement, resulting in incorrect measurement.
8. The accuracy stipulated in the specifications may not be satisfied under the environment where there is pulsation. It is recommended to install the flow meter at a location where there is little pulsation.
9. If sharp pressure change occurs, such as when gas in the pipe is discharged, correct measurement may not be performed. For this reason, after the fluid is changed to the subject fluid for measurement, reboot the power or reconnect the battery while no fluid flows (0 m³/h).
10. For the actual flow rate type, set the gas pressure value (gauge pressure) [F5]. (If the setting value and actual pressure do not match, the flow-rate measurement accuracy may not be satisfied.)
11. When you use the flow-rate conversion function at high elevations, set the atmospheric pressure of the working environment [F19]. (If this setting is not made, a range caused by conversion may become larger.)

**Working environment and applicable fluid**

1. Do not use gases any other than city gas (13A), propane gas, butane, nitrogen gas, and argon.
2. Observe the temperature and humidity ranges (-10 to +60°C and 90%RH or lower) and operating pressure range ([UX] 0 to 100 kPa (gauge pressure), [UZ] 0 to 500 kPa (gauge pressure) in use.
3. Avoid usage in an atmosphere containing a corrosive gas (chlorine, hydrogen sulfide, etc.) and/or for an application to a fluid containing a corrosive gas.
4. This product is not of a perfect waterproof structure (IP64). Do not install it at a place that may be submerged in water.
5. Install the flow meter as far away from an electric noise source as possible. If you install the flow meter near an electric noise source, it is recommended to use a shield wire as a cable which is connected to the flow meter. In this case, ground the shield wire to FG of any device other than the flow meter.
6. The installation of a sunshade is recommended if the flow meter is exposed to direct sunlight.
7. If you use the flow meter for propane or butane, use it under conditions where there is no oil mist state due to re-liquefaction, etc. If oil mist is affixed inside the flow meter, it may cause a failure in flow-rate measurement, resulting in incorrect measurement.
8. The accuracy stipulated in the specifications may not be satisfied under the environment where there is pulsation. It is recommended to install the flow meter at a location where there is little pulsation.
9. If sharp pressure change occurs, such as when gas in the pipe is discharged, correct measurement may not be performed. For this reason, after the fluid is changed to the subject fluid for measurement, reboot the power or reconnect the battery while no fluid flows (0 m³/h).
10. For the actual flow rate type, set the gas pressure value (gauge pressure) [F5]. (If the setting value and actual pressure do not match, the flow-rate measurement accuracy may not be satisfied.)
11. When you use the flow-rate conversion function at high elevations, set the atmospheric pressure of the working environment [F19]. (If this setting is not made, a range caused by conversion may become larger.)
### Working environment and applicable fluid

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Caution</th>
<th>12. When installing it at the upstream or downstream of the governor, install it 10D or more away from the governor. (An incorrect flow-rate measurement may occur due to an effect of the governor.)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>13. After the subject fluid for measurement is set, turn on the power while no fluid flows (0 m³/h).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>14. Since the variance of the instantaneous flow-rate may become larger due to an effect of the governor, it is recommended to set 16 times to the instantaneous flow-rate moving average number of times.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Cautions for operations

| Caution | This product is not a specified measuring instrument defined in Japanese measurement law. |

### Storage

| Caution | ☒ 1. Store the flow meter at a place away from fire and not exposed to direct sunlight.  
☺ 2. Do not place any combustible material, inflammable substance and heating body in the periphery of the flow meter.  
☺ 3. Store this product at a place whose ambient temperature is -20 to +70°C and where no dew condensation occurs. |

|
### Warning

1. Do not climb on this product using it as a foothold.

2. Do not carry and/or install this product as holding its display.

### Caution

1. When you install the flow meter, be sure to turn off its power. After the flow meter is installed, set the subject fluid for measurement and turn on the power while no fluid flows (0 m³/h).

2. In the case of new piping, install the product after sufficient cleaning of the pipe(s).

3. It is recommended to use rising piping to install the flow meter if the air contains oil mist, dust, or other materials. If oil mist and/or dust accumulates inside this product, it may cause performance failure and/or defects. Installation in which the display part faces downward and the cable introduction part faces upward cannot be performed.

4. Do not install the flow meter in sections where it will be subjected to significant compression forces, tensile loads, and other loads after it is installed.

5. Install the product along with the flow direction indicated on the product.

6. Do not drop the product, hit it, or apply excessive impact.

7. During the installation, avoid the entry of foreign materials such as weld chips, debris, and sealant into the pipe.

8. When making piping connections, make sure that foreign material such as weld chips, debris, and sealant do not make their way into the pipe.

9. When tightening the pipe, do not apply excessive torque.

10. For the basic type of UZ, use a 55-mm hex bolt to avoid interference with the display section and body. (Recommended bolt specification: M16 x 55 mm).

11. Installation of a strainer (60 meshes) at the upstream side of the meter is recommended. (In case of dust adherence on the internal mechanism portion, the flow meter may not be able to satisfy the measurement accuracy.)
### Wiring

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Danger</th>
<th>Caution</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| 1. When performing wiring work, follow the instructions in this Operation Manual.  
2. Use the product within the rating.  
3. Do not use the product on a voltage exceeding permissible load. |
| 1. Do not place the product’s external connection cable together with or near to power supply line(s) or power line(s), etc. of other devices.  
2. Electrical isolation of a remote counter (a receiver) from others is recommended.  
3. Do not pull the cable connected to the terminal mount forcibly.  
4. Ensure that the tip of the cable connected to the terminal mount is not soaked in water during wiring work, etc.  
5. When connecting the power supply wire to the terminal mount, be careful not to short-circuit it. Use an external power supply having a short-circuit protecting function.  
6. Be sure to perform the wiring work in a state that power supply from the external power supply is interrupted.  
7. Do not perform operation and the wiring work with wet hands.  
8. For external power supply type (24 VDC, 100 VAC), install a power switch to the power supply system for this product to prevent electrical shock when connecting and disconnecting cables to and from a power supply terminal.  
9. For external power supply type (24VDC), when you ground power supply, ground the 0V terminal. Since the casing is conducted with GND (signal ground), if the 24V(+) terminal is grounded, it is to be short-circuited with the FG of your device. For this reason, be sure not to ground the 24V(+) terminal.  
10. For external power supply type (100VAC), do not connect the ground wire of the cable to the flow meter.  
11. For external power supply type (24 VDC, 100 VAC), do not ground the positive terminal of the analog output line. Since the casing is conducted with SG (0 V), if the positive terminal of the analog output line is grounded, a current loop which bypasses analog output is formed, and analog output is not transmitted correctly.  
12. Connect the internal battery when you use the flow meter. [Internal Battery Type]  
   *Battery life: 5 years after the power is turned ON. (Standard conditions: Temperature 20°C, humidity 65%RH)  
13. When you replace the internal battery, follow the instructions given in this operation manual. Perform the switch operation (press SW1 and SW2 at the same time for 3 sec or more while the entire LDC is turned ON, and the symbol and unit flicker every 2 sec) and confirm that the screen indicating completion of battery replacement is displayed (“1” and the symbol and unit flicker every 2 sec). |
### Disassembling and inspection

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Caution</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>☓ 1. Do not disassemble this product.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. When fluid flow is normal, the pilot lamp will blink. If it does not blink, please contact the company you purchased the product from or our branch or sales office.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Disposal

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Warning</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. This product contains a lithium battery, and therefore be sure not to dispose it in the general disposal route. [Internal Battery Type]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Be sure not to put this product into fire. It may cause fire and/or explosion.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Since the flow meter is made by putting metals and resin parts together, it must be discarded as industrial waste.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Ultrasonic Flow Meter for Management of Fuel Gas
UX/UZ Series Operation Manual

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1. Overview

1-1. Outline of product
This product is an ultrasonic flow meter mainly for fuel gas and capable of measuring the flow-rate at atmospheric pressure up to 100 kPa or 500 kPa. The flow meter is installed to pipes by screwing its taper pipe threads to the pipes or by being tightened between pipe flanges.

- Screw connection type (Taper pipe threads) applied model: UX
- Flange type applied model: UZ

In addition, the flow meter is certified according to the following standards (except 100VAC type).

EN61326-1 : 2013 table2(EMS)
EN55011:2009+A1:2010 Group 1 ClassA(EMI)

1-2. Model configuration

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Basic model</th>
<th>Nominal diameter</th>
<th>Compensation category</th>
<th>Power supply</th>
<th>Flow direction</th>
<th>Gas type</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>UX</td>
<td>40</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>50</td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UX</td>
<td>0</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>100</td>
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<td></td>
<td>500</td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UX</td>
<td>BT</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>DC</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>AC</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>UX</td>
<td>L</td>
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<td>D</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

- Screw connection
- Flange
- 40A
- 50A
- Actual flow rate type without compensation
- Temperature/pressure compensation type UX
- Temperature/pressure compensation type UZ
- BT: Dedicated lithium battery
- AC: 100 VAC ± 10%
- Left -> Right
- Right -> Left
- Down -> Up
- Up -> Down
- 13A
- PRO
- BTN
- N2
- AR

PRO
Butane
Nitrogen
Argon
1-3. Name of each part

1-3-1. UX

1) Flow meter main unit

2) Display

*For button operation, refer to "4. Operation Procedure".
1-3-2. UZ

3) FLOW meter main unit

4) DISPLAY

*For button operation, refer to "4. Operation Procedure".
1-4 Dimension drawing
1-4-1 UX

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Model</th>
<th>Connection diameter</th>
<th>Size: mm</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>UX40</td>
<td>Rc1•1/2</td>
<td>W: 108</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>L: 170</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>H: 211</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>h: 157</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UX50</td>
<td>Rc2</td>
<td>W: 124</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>L: 200</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>H: 238</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>h: 165</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

R97 (Radius of gyration of display section)
Nominal connection diameter
Model | Connection diameter | Size: mm
---|---|---
UZ40 | JIS10K40A-RF | D 140  L 200  H 222  h 157
UZ50 | JIS10K50A-RF | D 155  L 220  H 238  h 165

Use a 55-mm hex bolt to avoid interference with the display section and body.
(Recommended bolt specification: M16 x 55 mm).
2. Before using the product

With this flow meter, items concerning measurement, output, and communication can be set.
At the time of purchase, the standard factory delivery settings have been made, and the user can use the flow meter as it is. Change the settings according to the usage, if needed. The settings can be changed by button operation and RS485 communication (24 VDC type and 100 VAC type only). For details, see 4.3 Setting of parameters in 4. Operation Procedure.
It is recommended to perform the settings of the flow meter prior to installation.

2-1. Connection of battery
In the internal battery type, the battery is not connected upon shipment. Connect the battery connectors correctly in accordance with the following procedure before using the product.

1) Loosen the screws at the 4 locations shown in the figure and open the cover.
   (The screws cannot be removed from the cover to prevent them from dropping.)
   ![Screw (M4 x 4)]

2) Connect the connectors of the battery and fix them to the hook of the battery pack.
   ![Connect the connectors of the battery.]  ![Install the lead wires as shown in the photo so that they will not be caught by the cover.]

Note) If you use the product without fixing the connectors, it may cause a failure.
3) Check that the gasket fits in the gasket groove and close the cover. Close the cover carefully so that the earth wire and the lead wire of battery connector may not be caught by the cover.

![Diagram showing close cover and gasket]

[Arrow A]

- Correct: The heights are the same. The gasket fits in the gasket groove and is lifted.
- Incorrect: The gasket does not fit into the gasket groove and is lifted. A lead wire caught.
- Correct: Nothing caught.

4) Tighten the screws at the 4 locations shown in the figure. Recommended tightening torque: 1.0 ±0.1 N·m

Note) If the screws are not tightened enough or tightened with excessive torque, it may cause entry of water and/or breakage.

![Diagram showing screw (M4 x 4)]

[About battery life expectancy and replacement of battery]
The expected life of the internal battery is 5 years. (This is the life expectancy under the standard conditions of temperature 20°C and humidity 65%RH. The actual life varies according to the installed environment (piping condition (near the governor, etc.) and temperature.)

This product contains a lithium battery, and therefore be sure not to dispose it in the general disposal route.

*For replacement of the battery, please contact your nearest branch or sales office.
2-2. Wiring connection

When you connect an external output cable or connect a cable for external power input in 24 VDC type and 100 VAC type, insert each cable into the section shown in the figure in accordance with the following procedure.

The GND (signal ground) is connected to the casing.

Utilize an isolated power supply or an external connection equipment, as necessary.

Note) Perform wiring connection of an external connection device in accordance with its operation manual.

[Reference] Max. cable length: 100 m

This is the operation range under our test conditions (VCTF, 0.3 sq). The operation range may change according to the installation environment, connection device, and cable type, etc.

Note that if you use a longer cable, signals may be attenuated, and noise is easily overlaid.

○ Procedure

1) Loosen the screws at the 4 locations shown in the figure and open the cover.

The screws cannot be removed from the cover to prevent them from dropping.

The state when the cover is opened varies according to the power supply type as shown below.
Connect the cable.

- Procedure to connect the cable for external output
  (When you do not connect the cable for external output, the procedure (1) to (4) are not required.
  Applicable cable size: φ4 to 6.8 mm (Example: VCTF, 0.3 sq, 3 to 8 cores)
  Terminal mount: M3

If you install the flow meter near an electric noise source, use a shield wire as a cable which is connected to the terminal block and ground the shield.
Applicable cable size: φ4～6.8mm (MVVS 0.3sq 2-core to 6-core)

[1] Loosen the sealing nut at the introductory part for an external output cable and pull out the pin. Be careful not to loosen the lock nut by mistake.

[2] Insert the cable into the introductory part for the cable.
[3] Make sure that the sheath of the cable gets into the inside of the case, press-fit the applicable pressure terminal, and connect the cable to the terminal block.

\[
\begin{align*}
\text{Screw size: M3} \\
\text{Recommended tightening torque: 0.5 ±0.1 N•m}
\end{align*}
\]

* Note that incorrect wiring may cause a failure. Note that the usable terminal block varies according to the power supply type. (For the usage of each terminal mount, see “Terminal Connection Diagram” affixed inside of the cover or “Wiring Connection of Each Power Supply Type” on page 14 and 15.)

\[
\text{Recommended tightening torque: 1.0 ±0.1 N•m}
\]

If a torque wrench is not available, the method of tightening the nut at appropriate torque is to manually tighten the sealing nut completely, or tighten it with a tool, and when you feel load, retighten it by 90° (≈ 1/4 rotation). Do not tighten further. (Excessive torque may damage cables, break seal nut and cause entry of water due to seal deformation.)
Procedure to connect the cable for external power input
(When you do not connect the cable for external power input, the procedure (5) to (8) are not required.)

Applicable cable size: φ6.5 to 12.5 mm (Example: CV2sq2 core, CVV1.25sq2 core)
Terminal mount: M3 (in case of 24 VDC), M4 (in case of 100 VAC)

If you install the flow meter near an electric noise source, use a shield wire as a cable which is connected to the terminal mount and ground the shield.

[5] Loosen the sealing nut at the introductory part for an external power input cable and remove the pin. Be careful not to loosen the lock nut by mistake.

[6] Insert the cable into the introductory part for the cable.
[7] Make sure that the sheath of the cable gets into the inside of the case, press-fit the applicable pressure terminal, and connect the cable to the terminal block.

[In the case of 24 VDC type]
- Screw size: M3
- Recommended tightening torque: 0.5 ±0.1 N•m

[In the case of 100 VAC type]
- Screw size: M4
- Recommended tightening torque: 1.0 ± 0.1 N•m

Note) The cover of the terminal mount is removed at the time of wiring connection. Be sure to restore it after wiring connection is finished.

* Note that incorrect wiring may cause a failure. Note that the usable terminal mount varies according to the power supply type. (For the usage of each terminal mount, see “Terminal Connection Diagram” affixed inside of the cover or “Wiring Connection of Each Power Supply Type” on page 14 15.)
Tighten the sealing nut.

Recommended tightening torque: 1.5 ±0.1 N·m

If a torque wrench is not available, the method of tightening the nut at appropriate torque is to manually tighten the sealing nut completely, or tighten it with a tool, and when you feel load, retighten it by 90° (= 1/4 rotation). Do not tighten further. (Excessive torque may damage cables, break seal nut and cause entry of water due to seal deformation.)

2) Check that the gasket fits in the gasket groove and close the cover.
Close the cover carefully so that the earth wire and the lead wire of battery connector may not be caught by the cover.

Correct
- The heights are the same.
- Nothing is caught.

Incorrect
- The gasket does not fit into the gasket groove and is lifted.
- A lead wire is caught.
3) Tighten the screws at the 4 locations shown in the figure. 

Recommended tightening torque: 1.0 ±0.1 N•m

Note) If the screws are not tightened enough or tightened with excessive torque, it may cause entry of water and/or breakage.

“Wiring Connection of Each Power Supply Type” is shown below.
For the usage of each terminal block, see “Terminal Connection Diagram” affixed inside of the cover.

Fig.1 Wiring Connection [Internal Battery Type]

Fig 2. Wiring Connection [100 VAC Type]
The GND (signal ground) is connected to the casing.

Take the following measures, as necessary.

- For DC24V type, use an insulation type power supply.
- Install a pulse isolator to isolate signals between the flow meter and a receiver.
- Use an insulating bolt, insulating washer, etc., to isolate the casing and pipes.
2-3. Installation
Match the arrow on the meter with the forward flow direction of the fluid. This product can be installed indoors or outdoors, and on either horizontal or vertical piping. Installation in which the display part faces downward and the cable introduction part faces upward cannot be performed.

* It is recommended to use rising piping to install the flow meter if the air contains oil mist, dust, or other materials. If oil mist and/or dust accumulates inside this product, it may cause performance failure and/or defects.

* The figure below shows the recommended lengths of the straight pipe sections according to the piping condition for this flow meter. (D: Nominal diameter)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Piping condition</th>
<th>Upstream</th>
<th>Downstream</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Elbow</td>
<td><img src="image1.png" alt="Elbow Upstream" /></td>
<td><img src="image2.png" alt="Elbow Downstream" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flexible pipe</td>
<td><img src="image3.png" alt="Flexible Upstream" /></td>
<td><img src="image4.png" alt="Flexible Downstream" /></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The figure below shows the recommended lengths of the straight pipe sections according to the piping condition for this flow meter. (D: Nominal diameter)
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Condition</th>
<th>Upstream</th>
<th>Downstream</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Y-shaped strainer</td>
<td><img src="image1" alt="Y-shaped strainer" /></td>
<td><img src="image2" alt="Y-shaped strainer" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Union joint</td>
<td><img src="image3" alt="Union joint" /></td>
<td><img src="image4" alt="Union joint" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Enlarge pipe (Up to 2 openings)</td>
<td><img src="image5" alt="Enlarge pipe" /></td>
<td><img src="image6" alt="Enlarge pipe" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Narrowing pipe</td>
<td><img src="image7" alt="Narrowing pipe" /></td>
<td><img src="image8" alt="Narrowing pipe" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Valve (Flow-rate is adjusted by valve.)</td>
<td><img src="image9" alt="Valve" /></td>
<td><img src="image10" alt="Valve" /></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Y-shaped strainer**: 0D or longer (Straight pipe section is not required.)
- **Union joint**: 0D or longer (Straight pipe section is not required.)
- **Enlarge pipe (Up to 2 openings)**:
  - 1 opening: 0D or longer (Straight pipe section is not required.)
  - 2 openings: 5D or longer
- **Narrowing pipe**: 0D or longer (Straight pipe section is not required.)
- **Valve**: 5D or longer
  - 0D or longer (Straight pipe section is not required.)
This product does not have a complete waterproof structure (IP64). Do not install it at a place that may be submerged in water.

The installation of a sunshade is recommended if the flow meter is exposed to direct sunlight.

Screw on the tapered threads for piping using the torques shown below.

- UX40: 150 N•m
- UX50: 200 N•m

About piping of flange type (model: UZ)
Use a 55-mm hex bolt to avoid interference with the display section and body. (Recommended bolt specification: M16 x 55 mm).

With flange type flow meters, make sure that the flange gaskets do not protrude into the interior of the pipes.

Prevent the entry of foreign materials in piping, such as weld chips, dust, sealing tape and sealant such as weld chips, dust, sealing tape, and sealant do not make their way into the pipes.

In the case of new piping, install the product after sufficient cleaning of the pipe(s).

Do not install the flow meter in sections where it will be subjected to significant compression forces, tensile loads, and other loads after it is installed.

Do not drop the product, hit it, or apply excessive impact.
The display section can be rotated to change its orientation. To change the display's orientation, loosen the set screw at the neck section of the display using an M4 hex wrench and then rotate the display section. Once it is in the desired orientation, always make sure to tighten the set screw to fix the display section in place. When rotating the display section, do not apply a force in a direction other than the rotating direction.

When turning the display unit, do not apply force to any direction other than the rotational direction. (Applying such force may cause a failure.)

* The display section can be rotated by 180° clockwise and 90° counterclockwise in the flow direction L (left to right of the display section) as seeing from the display side. It cannot be rotated more than the rotation range.
3. Start up procedure

After the subject fluid for measurement is set, turn on the power while no fluid flows (0 m³/h).

3-1. When the power is turned on

When the power is turned on, check that the entire LCD is turned on, and the symbols and units flicker every 2 sec.

The display is switched to the measurement mode in approx. 1 min.

If it is not switched to the measurement mode, the conceivable causes are as follows:

3-1-1. Abnormal in ultrasonic measurement

Check that there is no foreign material which prevents transmission of ultrasonic in the pipe and that oil and other fluid are not affixed and stationed in the pipe, and then turn on the power again.

When “Abnormal in ultrasonic measurement” is displayed even if no foreign material is affixed and/or stationed, please contact the company you purchased the product from or our branch or sales office.
3-1-2. Abnormal temperature value

Check that the temperature in the pipe is within the specifications, and then turn on the power again. When “Abnormal temperature value” is displayed even if the temperature value is correct, please contact the company you purchased the product from or our branch or sales office.

3-1-3. Aberrant pressure value

Check that the pressure in the pipe is within the specifications, and then turn on the power again. When “Aberrant pressure value” is displayed even if the pressure value is correct, please contact your nearest branch or sales office.

3-2. When operation starts
When you are running the meter for the first time, gradually open the valve and check that the pilot lamp is flickering. A flickering pilot lamp indicates that the fluid is flowing.
4. Operation Procedure

This product consists of the preliminary measurement mode, measurement mode, settings mode, and test mode. Using the 3 buttons, you can switch the modes and displays, and make various local settings.

For arrangement of the left button, center button, and right button, see Fig 5.

![Fig 5. Button arrangement](image)

For button operations for each operation mode, follow the table below.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Position and name of button</th>
<th>Preliminary measurement mode</th>
<th>Measurement mode</th>
<th>Setting mode</th>
<th>Test mode</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Left SW1</td>
<td>Switchover between total accumulated flow rate and trip accumulated flow rate</td>
<td>Switchover to the next setting item</td>
<td>Switchover of setting contents</td>
<td>Change of the flickering digit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Right SW2</td>
<td>Switchover between instantaneous flow-rate [m³/h], pressure [Pa], and temperature.</td>
<td>Switchover to the previous setting item</td>
<td>Change of the value at flickering digit.</td>
<td>Switchover to measurement mode*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Center SW3</td>
<td>Switchover to setting mode</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SW1 + SW2*</td>
<td>Completion of replacement of battery*</td>
<td>Clearing of trip accumulated flow rate</td>
<td>Switchover between local setting and detailed setting</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1) "SW1+SW2" denotes steps where both switches must be pressed simultaneously.
2) By pressing SW1 and SW2 simultaneously while the trip accumulated flow rate is displayed, the trip accumulated flow rate can be cleared.
3) The operating gas pressure setting value is displayed in the actual flow-rate type, and the measured pressure is displayed in the conversion flow-rate type.

* You need to press the switches for 3 sec or more.
* “Pressure” in sub display: The operating gas pressure setting value is displayed in the actual flow-rate type, and the measured pressure is displayed in the conversion flow-rate type.

Fig. 6 Button operation in measurement mode and switchover to each mode
4-1. Display of measurement values (measurement mode)

4-1-1. Conversion display
The partition line varies according to the conversion setting.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Without conversion</th>
<th>Normal</th>
<th>Standard</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

4-1-2. Display of accumulated flow rate
The number of digits displayed varies according to the conversion setting.

[Total accumulated flow rate]
- (Actual flow rate type) [ ] \( \text{m}^3 \) \( . \) 8 integers and 2 decimal places
- (Conversion flow rate type) [ ] \( \text{m}^3 \) 8 integers and 1 decimal place

[Trip accumulated flow rate]
- (Actual flow rate type) [ ] \( \text{m}^3 \) 7 integers and 2 decimal places
- (Conversion flow rate type) [ ] \( \text{m}^3 \) 7 integers and 1 decimal place

Every time you press the left button, the trip accumulated flow rate and total accumulated flow rate are displayed in turn in the main display.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Total accumulated</th>
<th>Trip accumulated</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>00000 152 m³</td>
<td>152 m³</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

left button

24
By pressing the left button and right button simultaneously while the trip accumulated flow rate is displayed, the trip accumulated flow rate is cleared.

If the trip accumulated flow rate exceeds 9999999.99, 0000000.00 is displayed without zero suppress, and the accumulation operation continues.

(Trip accumulated flow rate 10000152.68 [Normal•m³])

**4-1-3. Display of instantaneous flow-rate, temperature, pressure**

The number of the display digits of each item is shown below.

[Instantaneous Flow-rate]
- (Less than 1000) [     .  ] 3 integers and 2 decimal places
- (1000 or more) [       . ] 4 integers and 1 decimal place

[Temperature] [ . ] 2 integers and 1 decimal place

[Pressure]
- (Actual flow rate type) [     .  ] 3 integers and 2 decimal place (The operating gas pressure setting value is displayed.)
- (Conversion flow rate type) [       . ] 4 integers and 1 decimal place (The measured pressure value is displayed.)

* The content of the pressure display is different between the actual flow rate type and conversion flow rate type.
  - Actual flow rate type: Operating gas pressure setting value (The partition line is turned off.)
  - Conversion flow rate type: Measurement value (The partition line is turned on.)

Every time the right button is pressed, the sub display will cycle from Pressure to Temperature and then to instantaneous flow-rate.

One minute after pressure or temperature is displayed, the display will automatically transit to the instantaneous flow-rate display.
4-2. Measurement of very small flow-rate (Test mode time selection)
The test mode is a function to temporarily cancel the low flow cutoff. Please use the test mode under conditions where there is no flow.

You can transit to the test mode by pressing the right button for 3 seconds in the measurement mode, and this will allow you to measure very small flow-rates.
In the test mode, the units in the sub display ("m³/h", "kPa", "°C") flicker every 0.5 sec. You can select 3 min, 60 min, or unlimited as the test mode time, and when the specified time elapses, the mode will automatically transit to the measurement mode. The mode will transit to the measurement mode if the right button is pressed for 3 seconds or longer again in the test mode.
If the flow-rate value in the instantaneous flow-rate display is (+) 0.01 or larger, or the pilot lamp is flickering, there is a possibility of a leakage at the downstream of the meter.
If “- (minus)” is displayed in the instantaneous flow-rate display, there is a possibility of a leakage* at the upstream of the meter.

* Possibility of leakage: Please note that this is strictly a possibility as the displayed value also includes zero flow-rate offset, internal convection and other factors. The instantaneous flow-rate display in test mode is rounded off to the second decimal point.
Examples) Measurement value: 0 to 0.004 [m³/h] -> Display: 0.00 [m³/h]
Measurement value: -0.004 to 0 [m³/h] -> Display: -0.00 [m³/h]

4-3. Setting of parameters (Settings mode)
Press the center button, and you will transit to the settings mode. If you press the center button again, you will transit from the settings mode to measurement mode. If no operation is performed in the settings mode for 3 minutes, the mode will automatically transit to the measurement mode.

In the settings mode, you can change the settings explained in Table 4 Setting items and settings in Settings mode (page 35).
For button operation in the settings mode, see Display Switchover Diagram in the settings mode Fig. 7 to 9 (page 46 to 48).

* The same settings can be made via RS485 communication. Make settings via RS485 communication under conditions where button operations may be difficult, such as when the flow meter is used at heights. Refer to communication specifications "TS-UX-002-TG" for details on the communication features.

You can download the communication specifications from our web site.
5. Alarm Display

In the alarm display, “▲” corresponding to the applicable alarm is turned on.

5-1. Abnormal ultrasonic measurement
When the ultrasonic signal is small and cannot be received, “Abnormal ultrasonic measurement” is turned on, and “0.00” is displayed as the instantaneous flow-rate value. The accumulation stopped as the accumulated flow-rate value just before the error occurred remains displayed, and 4 mA is output as analog output.

Check that there is no foreign material which prevents transmission of ultrasonic and/or oil and other fluid are not affixed in the pipe. When “Abnormal ultrasonic measurement” is turned on even if no foreign material is affixed and/or stationed, please contact your nearest branch or sales office.

(Note) Actions when the meter is first run
At the time of installation and start of operation of the flow meter, there are cases where “Abnormal ultrasonic measurement” is turned on due to excessive flow and/or mixture of air and gas upon conversion of air into gas. After conversion is completed and the fluid is stabilized, “Abnormal ultrasonic measurement” will be turned off. (This is not an error.)
5-2. Battery replacement alarm [Internal Battery Type]
When 5 years pass after the battery connector is connected (the power is turned on), including storing period, “battery replacement alarm” is turned on to inform the user that it is time to replace the battery. While measurement continues even after “battery replacement alarm” is turned on, it is recommended to replace the battery as soon as possible when “battery replacement alarm” is turned on.
When you replace the battery, contact your nearest branch or sales office.

When the remaining battery becomes low after “battery replacement alarm” is turned on, the accumulated volume flickers every 0.5 sec as showing the battery is approaching to the end of life. The measurement operation is stopped, “0.00” is displayed as the instantaneous flow-rate display, and the accumulation is stopped as the accumulated flow-rate value just before the alarm is turned on.
Replace the battery immediately.
When you replace the battery, contact your nearest branch or sales office.
The battery life is 5 years or more under the normal condition, but the end of the battery may be displayed within 5 years according to the environment temperature.

In this state, you can switch the total accumulated flow-rate display and trip accumulated flow-rate display using the left button, and switch the instantaneous flow-rate, temperature, and pressure display using the right button, but you cannot switch the mode to the settings mode using the center button.
5-3. Abnormal temperature value
When an error of the temperature value is detected, “Abnormal temperature value” is turned on. When an error of the temperature value is detected, “0.00” is displayed as the instantaneous flow-rate, an abnormal value is displayed as the temperature, and 4 mA is output as the analog output. As for the accumulated flow rate value in the main display, the accumulation process stops and the display shows the value immediately prior to the abnormality.

5-4. Abnormal pressure value (conversion flow rate type)
When an error of the pressure value is detected, “Abnormal pressure value” is turned on. When an error of the pressure value is detected, “0.00” is displayed as the instantaneous flow-rate, an abnormal value is displayed as the pressure value, and 4 mA is output as the analog output. As for the accumulated flow rate value in the main display, the accumulation process stops and the display shows the value immediately prior to the abnormality.

5-5. Abnormal compensation (actual flow rate type)
When an error is detected inside flow-rate compensation, “Abnormal compensation” is turned on. When an error is detected, “0.00” is displayed as the instantaneous flow-rate, and 4 mA is output as the analog output. As for the accumulated flow rate value in the main display, the accumulation process stops and the display shows the value immediately prior to the aberration.
5-6. External memory abnormality
When abnormality data is detected upon recovery of the accumulated value when the power is turned on by setting of communication or button operation, and external power supply type (24 VDC, 100 VAC), “External memory aberration” is turned on. When “External memory abnormality” is turned on, check and reset the setting value. If “External memory abnormality” is not turned off even after all the data is reset, there is a possibility of a failure. Please contact the company you purchased the product from or our branch or sales office.

When an error of internal data is detected, the accumulated flow-rate flickers every 0.5 sec. There is a possibility of a failure. Please contact the company you purchased the product from or our branch or sales office.

5-7. In the case of power outage (DC type, AC type)
- Power outage detection
  When the power supply voltage is dropped to 18±1.1 V or lower, the meter determines a power outage, stops the measurement, and turns off the LCD.

- Recovering from a power outage
  When the power supply voltage recovers to 18.8±1.1 V or greater, the meter resumes the measurement and turns on the LCD. The accumulated flow rate and trip accumulated flow rate are saved every 5 minutes after the power is turned on. When the flow meter recovers from a power outage, the accumulated flow rates saved just before a power outage occurs are restored, and accumulation is performed using these values. When the flow meter recovers from a power outage, the accumulated flow rates are displayed in the upper LCD.
6. Troubleshooting

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Timing</th>
<th>Phenomenon</th>
<th>Possible cause</th>
<th>Remedial action</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Immediately after</td>
<td>Abnormal ultrasonic measurement is turned on. (See page 20 and 27.)</td>
<td>Gas replacement operation is underway.</td>
<td>When the replacement operation is finished, ultrasonic measurement abnormal is turned off.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>installation</td>
<td>The meter is used outside the range of the specifications (such as</td>
<td></td>
<td>Check that the safety concerns and specifications [page 32] are complied with.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>installation conditions, gas type, pressure, and temperature).</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>There is a major source of electrical noise near the flow meter.</td>
<td></td>
<td>Take a measure to eliminate the noise source or shield the flow meter.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Use a shield wire as a cable which is connected to the terminal mount and ground the shield.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>The instantaneous flow-rate shows a negative value.</td>
<td></td>
<td>Check to see that the arrow on the surface of the flow meter is pointing in the direction of the fluid flow.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The flow meter does not</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>start accumulation</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>immediately after</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>installation</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>The instantaneous flow-rate shows a negative value.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>The direction of the fluid flow and the flow direction of the meter are</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>opposite of each other.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Battery replacement</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>alarm</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;T&quot; is turned on</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(See page 28.)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>The internal battery needs to be replaced.</td>
<td></td>
<td>It indicates the necessity to replace the internal battery.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>(Contact your nearest Aichi Tokei Denki branch or sales office.)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>The battery reaches its life expectancy.</td>
<td></td>
<td>It indicates that the internal battery reaches its life expectancy.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>(Contact your nearest Aichi Tokei Denki branch or sales office.)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Internal memory aberration occurs.</td>
<td></td>
<td>It indicates the possibility of an internal memory failure.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>(Contact your nearest Aichi Tokei Denki branch or sales office.)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>The pressure fluctuates frequently.</td>
<td></td>
<td>The flow meter operates correctly.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Installation of the meter in a place where there is little change in pressure is recommended to make accurate measurements.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>There is pulsation.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>The instantaneous flow-rate appears to be fluctuating.</td>
<td></td>
<td>The flow meter operates correctly.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Installation of the meter in a place where there is little pulsation is recommended to make accurate measurements.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>The instantaneous flow-rate does not fall to zero even there is no flow.</td>
<td></td>
<td>The flow meter operates correctly.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>&quot;Conversion flow rate (Normal or Standard)&quot; display is set.</td>
<td></td>
<td>Check to see that the correct value unit for the application is used.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>(For how to change the unit, see Setting of flow meter [page 40].)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Test mode is on.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>The instantaneous flow-rate is too large.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>There is excessive flow rate larger than the specifications.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Adjustment of ultrasonic measurement is underway.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>The instantaneous flow rate does not seem to change.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>The display shows the &quot;Actual flow-rate (m³)&quot;.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>There is no &quot;0&quot; displayed in the upper digit of the accumulated flow rate.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>The display shows the trip accumulation flow rate.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
7. Specifications

7-1. List


<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Model</th>
<th>UX40</th>
<th>UZ40</th>
<th>UX50</th>
<th>UZ50</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Connection of pipe</td>
<td>Screw connection</td>
<td>Flange</td>
<td>Screw connection</td>
<td>Flange</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Rc1×1/2</td>
<td>JIS 10K</td>
<td>Rc2</td>
<td>JIS 10K</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum operating pressure</td>
<td>100 kPa</td>
<td>500 kPa</td>
<td>100 kPa</td>
<td>500 kPa</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gas type for measurement</td>
<td>City gas (13A), butane (butane 70%, propane 30%), propane (propane 98%, butane 2%), nitrogen, argon</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Power supply/Power consumption</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Battery</td>
<td>Dedicated lithium battery (5-year life expectancy under 20°C and 65%RH)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AC power supply</td>
<td>100 VAC ± 15% / 10 W or less (when analog output is 22 mA)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DC power supply</td>
<td>24 VDC ± 10% / 2 W or less (when voltage is 26.4 V and analog output is 22 mA)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flow-rate range (actual flow-rate)</td>
<td>City gas, nitrogen, argon</td>
<td>1.6 to 80 m³/h</td>
<td>3 to 150 m³/h</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Butane, Propane</td>
<td>3 to 80 m³/h</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gas type</td>
<td>13A, PRO, BTN, N2, AR</td>
<td>13A, N2, AR, PRO, BTN</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Accuracy</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Minimum flow rate Qmin</td>
<td>±0.5%FS</td>
<td>+1.6~+8.0 m³/h</td>
<td>+3.0~+15.0 m³/h</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transitional flow rate Qt</td>
<td>±1.0%FS</td>
<td>+3.0~+15.0 m³/h</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum flow rate Qmax</td>
<td>±4.0%RD</td>
<td>+8.0~+80 m³/h</td>
<td>+15.0~+150 m³/h</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Compensation of temperature/pressure</td>
<td>Disabled/Enabled (Normal/Standard conversion)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Conversion accuracy</td>
<td>±1.5% RD (At 23°C and 100 kPa)</td>
<td>±1.5% RD (At 23°C and 500 kPa)</td>
<td>±1.5% RD (At 23°C and 100 kPa)</td>
<td>±1.5% RD (At 23°C and 500 kPa)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Display</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Main display section</td>
<td>Accumulated flow volume (Actual flow)</td>
<td>8 integers and 2 decimal places</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(Conversion flow)</td>
<td>8 integers and 1 decimal place</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Trip accumulated flow rate</td>
<td>Ultrasonic measurement abnormal, temperature measurement abnormal, pressure measurement abnormal, external memory abnormal, and battery voltage abnormal (battery-powered meter only), etc.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sub display section</td>
<td>Instantaneous flow rate display: 5 digits; Temperature display: 3 digits; Pressure display: 5 digits</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Output

**Analog**  
(Power-driven meter only) 4 to 20 mA DC (Load resistance 400 Ω or smaller)  
Select from Instantaneous flow rate, Temperature, and Pressure. Standard: Instantaneous flow rate

**Pulse**  
Nch open drain output (Max. load 24 V DC, 50 mA)  
Output 1 (accumulated pulse): Standard: 1000L/P  
(Select from 10, 100, 1000, and 10000L/P.) Duty 20 to 80%  
Output 2 (alarm): (Power-driven) Select upper and lower limit alarm or upper limit alarm of accumulated flow rate.  
(Battery-driven) Select battery voltage decrease alarm or upper and lower limit alarm.

**Communication**

(Power-driven only) Complies with RS485 Modbus/RTU. (4800 bps/9600 bps)

### Fluid Temperature

-10 to +60 °C

### Operating Environment

-10 to +60 °C, 90% RH  
*No condensation.*

### Protection Structure

Outdoor  
IP64 (JIS C 0920)

### Mass

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Model</th>
<th>UX40</th>
<th>UZ40</th>
<th>UX50</th>
<th>UZ50</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Analog | (Power-driven meter only) 4 to 20 mA DC (Load resistance 400 Ω or smaller)  
Select from Instantaneous flow rate, Temperature, and Pressure. Standard: Instantaneous flow rate | | | |
| Pulse | Nch open drain output (Max. load 24 V DC, 50 mA)  
Output 1 (accumulated pulse): Standard: 1000L/P  
(Select from 10, 100, 1000, and 10000L/P.) Duty 20 to 80%  
Output 2 (alarm): (Power-driven) Select upper and lower limit alarm or upper limit alarm of accumulated flow rate.  
(Battery-driven) Select battery voltage decrease alarm or upper and lower limit alarm. | | | |

*1) See Table 2 and Table 3 (page 34) for the conversion flow-rate range.  
*2) For detailed specifications, download them from our website.  
*3) If the flow meter is exposed to direct sunlight, providing a sunshade or using the optional cover is recommended.  
*4) The pressure value displayed on the LCD display is from 5 kPa.  
On regarding output signal (Analog4-20mA, pulse, RS485), it outputs even 5 kPa or less.  
The output interval is updated at intervals of measurement every 10 seconds for Built-in battery Model (Type B) and every 0.5 second for External power supply Model (Type D,R).  
*5) In case a distance from an elbow of minimum 10D in the upstream side and 5D in the downstream side of the meter can be secured: ±2.0%RD
7-2. Glossary of terms used in specifications

- **Actual flow rate**
  Cubic volume of the fluid which flows per unit of time. The actual flow rate changes depending on the temperature and pressure of fluid. The unit of fluid is m$^3$/h.

- **Normal conversion flow-rate**
  The volumetric flow rate obtained by converting the temperature and pressure with which the actual flow rate is measured into 0°C and 1 atmosphere (1 atm). The unit of fluid is m$^3$/h (Normal).

- **Standard conversion flow rate**
  The volumetric flow rate obtained by converting the temperature and pressure with which the actual flow rate is measured into the conversion standard temperature and conversion standard pressure. The unit of fluid is m$^3$/h (Standard). The conversion standard temperature (-10 to 60°C) and conversion standard pressure (0.00 to 10.00 kPa) can be changed by buttons and communication (external power supply (24 VDC, 100 VAC) only).

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Table 2</th>
<th>Normal conversion flow-rate values [m$^3$/h (Normal)] [Conversion example]</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Pressure (kPa)</td>
<td>0 (atmospheric pressure)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Temperature (°C)</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Actual flow rate (m$^3$/h)</td>
<td>40A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>150</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Conversion standard temperature = 0°C, Conversion standard pressure = 0 kPa (gauge pressure)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Table 3</th>
<th>Standard conversion flow rate value [m$^3$/h (Standard)] [Conversion example]</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Pressure (kPa)</td>
<td>0 (atmospheric pressure)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Temperature (°C)</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Actual flow rate (m$^3$/h)</td>
<td>40A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>150</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Conversion standard temperature = 20°C, Conversion standard pressure = 2 kPa (gauge pressure)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Pressure loss**
  The pressure loss in the air is as shown in the figure on the left. To calculate the pressure loss of each gas type, multiply the specific gravity shown below.
  - City gas (13A) : 0.64
  - Butane : 1.55
  - Propane : 2.0
  - Nitrogen : 0.97
  - Argon : 1.38

![Flow rate / Pressure loss characteristics](image-url)
8. Setting of parameters

It is recommended to perform the settings of the flow meter prior to installation. On this product, setting of the items shown in Table 4 can be made by button operation and RS485 communication. At the time of factory shipment, the standard factory delivery settings in Table 4 are set, and the user can use the flow meter as it is. Change the settings according to the usage, if needed.

For operation and setting of buttons, see 4.3 Setting of parameters in 4. Operation Procedure. For setting by RS485 communication, see communication specifications "TS-UX-002-TG."

You can download the communication specifications from our web site.

Table 4 Setting items and settings in Settings mode

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Panel Display</th>
<th>Corresponding setting item</th>
<th>Scope of setting contents</th>
<th>Upon factory shipment Setting contents</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>F01</td>
<td>Flow-rate conversion selection</td>
<td>OFF/ON</td>
<td>Actual flow rate type: OFF Conversion flow rate type: ON</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F02</td>
<td>Conversion standard temperature</td>
<td>-10 to 60°C</td>
<td>0 °C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F03</td>
<td>Conversion standard pressure</td>
<td>0.00 to 10.00 kPa</td>
<td>0.00 kPa</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F04</td>
<td>Output pulse constant</td>
<td>10, 100, 1000, 10000 L/P</td>
<td>1000 L/P</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F05</td>
<td>Operating gas pressure setting value</td>
<td>[UX] 0.00 to 100.00 kPa [UZ] 0.00 to 500.00 kPa</td>
<td>10 kPa</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F06</td>
<td>Alarm output selection</td>
<td>Battery voltage decrease alarm output Flow rate upper and lower limit alarm output [DC, AC] Accumulated value upper limit alarm output Flow rate upper and lower limit alarm output</td>
<td>Flow rate upper and lower limit alarm output</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F07</td>
<td>State of alarm output contact</td>
<td>N.O (Normally open) N.C (Normally closed)</td>
<td>N.O (Normally open)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F08</td>
<td>Alarm output lower limit</td>
<td>0.0 to +9999.9 m³/h</td>
<td>0.0 m³/h</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F09</td>
<td>Alarm output upper limit</td>
<td>0.0 to +9999.9 m³/h</td>
<td>9999.9 m³/h</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F10</td>
<td>Alarm output Hysteresis width</td>
<td>0.0 to +9999.9 m³/h</td>
<td>0.0 m³/h</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F11</td>
<td>Analog output Full scale flow-rate</td>
<td>0.0 to +9999.9 m³/h</td>
<td>*See “F11” in 8-1. Details of setting items.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F12</td>
<td>Switchover of analog output</td>
<td>Instantaneous flow-rate, temperature, pressure</td>
<td>Instantaneous Flow-rate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F13</td>
<td>Communication bit rate</td>
<td>4800 bps, 9600 bps</td>
<td>9600 bps</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F14</td>
<td>RTU address</td>
<td>001 to 247</td>
<td>001</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F15</td>
<td>Instantaneous flow-rate moving average number of times</td>
<td>1 to 16 times</td>
<td>4 times</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Table: Setting Items

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Panel Display</th>
<th>Corresponding setting item</th>
<th>Scope of setting contents</th>
<th>Upon factory shipment Setting contents</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>F16</td>
<td>Test mode time selection</td>
<td>3 min., 60 min., Unlimited</td>
<td>3 min.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F17</td>
<td>Gas type selection</td>
<td>13A, propane, butane, nitrogen, argon</td>
<td><em>The gas type specified by the customer upon order is set.</em></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| F18           | Low flow cutoff value       | *See “F18” in 8-1. Details of setting items.* | 40A: 0.3 m³/h  
50A: 0.6 m³/h |
| F19           | Atmospheric pressure of the working environment | 0.0 to 200.0 kPa | 101.3 kPa |
| F20           | Selection of with or without pressure value moving averaging | No (1 time), Yes (10 times) | Yes (10 times) |

The setting items can be divided mainly into 3 categories.
1) Items related to fluid
2) Items related to measurement and display
3) Items related to output

1) Setting of items related to fluid
   1. Setting related to gas type [F17]

   ![Setting related to gas type](image)

   Set the gas type to be used. Since the gas type specified upon order is set at the time of factory shipment, there is no need to change this setting. “Air” displayed in the selection window is designed for maintenance, and therefore you cannot select it for normal use.

   2. Setting related to pressure [F5] (Available only for actual flow-rate type)

   ![Setting related to pressure](image)

   Set the pressure value of the environment in gauge pressure.  
Example) When the pressure value of the environment is 2.00 kPa in gauge pressure: Setting value in [F5] “2.00”
2) Setting of items related to measurement and display

[1] Setting of conversion function selection [F1] (Available only for conversion flow-rate type)
Set “Actual flow-rate” or “Conversion flow-rate”. When “Conversion flow rate” is selected, the accumulation display, instantaneous display, and output signal correspond to the converted flow rate based on the settings of [F2] and [F3]. When the setting of [F1] Flow-rate conversion selection is changed, the setting value of [F4] Output pulse constant is automatically changed to 1000 [L/P]. After setting [F1], set [F4] again according to need.

[2] Setting of conversion standard temperature [F2] and setting of conversion standard pressure [F3]
When you select “Conversion flow rate” in [F1], set the standard temperature and pressure to be used for conversion. When 0°C is set to the conversion standard temperature and 0.0 kPa is set to the conversion standard pressure, the conversion flow-rate becomes normal conversion flow-rate. When any value other than 0°C is set to the conversion standard temperature, and any value other than 0.0 kPa is set to the conversion standard pressure, the conversion flow-rate becomes standard conversion flow-rate. When you select “Actual flow rate” in [F1], the settings of the standard temperature and pressure to be used for conversion become invalid.
3) Setting of items related to output

When you use pulse output, set the output pulse constant according to the usage in advance.

The selectable alarm output items vary according to the power supply type as shown below:

- **Internal battery type**: Flow rate upper/lower limit alarm or battery replacement alarm
- **External power supply type (24 VDC, 100 VAC)**: Flow rate upper/lower limit alarm or upper limit alarm of accumulated flow rate

Flow rate upper/lower limit alarm can be output and stopped at any flow-rate value. When you select this function, set the alarm output lower limit value [F8], alarm output upper limit value [F9], and alarm output hysteresis width [F10].
Analog output selection [F12]

As the analog output type, you can select instantaneous flow-rate, temperature, or pressure according to the usage.

When you select instantaneous flow-rate, current based on the maximum flow-rate value setting of analog output is output.

When you select temperature, 4 mA is output at -10°C, and 20 mA is output at +60°C.

You can select pressure only for the conversion flow-rate type. The currents shown below are output according to the model.

[UX]: 4 mA at 0 kPa, 20 mA at 100 kPa
[UZ]: 4 mA at 0 kPa, 20 mA at 500 kPa

Setting of maximum flow-rate value of analog output (Analog output FS flow-rate) [F11]

When you use analog output for instantaneous flow-rate, it is recommended to set the full scale flow-rate (FS flow-rate) of analog output based on the maximum flow-rate. It is recommended to set a numeric value with margin as the setting value of the FS flow-rate.

For reference, a conversion example is shown in Table 2 and Table 3 (page 34).
8-1. Details of setting items
The items with *1 to *3 are displayed only for the corresponding models shown below and not displayed for other models.

*1 Conversion flow rate type only
*2 Actual flow rate type only
*3 DC type and AC type only

- [F1] About flow-rate conversion selection (*1)
As the flow-rate conversion, you can select the actual flow-rate, normal conversion flow-rate, or standard conversion flow-rate.
You can select the actual flow-rate, normal conversion flow-rate, or standard conversion flow-rate using the settings of [F1] Flow-rate conversion selection, [F2] Conversion standard temperature, and [F3] Conversion standard pressure. (See Table 5.)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>No</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Actual flow rate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>0°C and 0.00 kPa</td>
<td>Normal conversion flow-rate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Other than “0°C and 0.00 kPa”</td>
<td>Standard conversion flow rate</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

If you select “Yes” for conversion, the “Normal” or “Standard” lamp above the partition line will flash, and the accumulated flow rate display, instantaneous flow-rate display, and output signal will all correspond to the converted flow-rate.
If you select “No” for conversion, the “Normal” or “Standard” lamp above the partition line will be turned OFF, and the accumulated flow rate display, instantaneous flow-rate display, and output signal will all correspond to the actual flow-rate.

When flow-rate conversion selection is set (and even if the setting is not changed), the output pulse constant is automatically changed to 1000 [L/P], which is set at the time of factory setting.

Example: When “No” is changed to “Yes”
- Output pulse constant 10 L/P, No conversion
  ↓ “Yes” is selected.
- Output pulse constant 1000 L/P, Normal flow-rate or Standard flow-rate

Conversion is internally calculated as shown below.

\[ Q_n = \frac{(T + t_0)}{(T + t_1)} \times \frac{(P + p_1)}{(P + p_0)} \times Q_r \]

- \( Q_n \) : Conversion flow-rate [Normal (Standard)•m\(^3\)/h]
- \( Q_r \) : Actual flow-rate [m\(^3\)/h]
- \( T \) : 273.15 [K] (Absolute temperature of 0°C)
- \( t_1 \) : measured temperature [°C]
- \( t_0 \) : Conversion standard temperature [°C] (Set in Settings mode [F2])
- \( P \) : 101.33 [kPa abs] (Absolute pressure of 1 atm)
- \( p_0 \) : Conversion standard pressure (Set in Settings mode [F3])
- \( p_1 \) : measured pressure value (gauge pressure) [kPa]

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When you use both the external output function and conversion flow-rate, it is recommended to set the output constant in reference to the conversion example Table 2 and Table 3 (page 34).

- [F2] Conversion standard temperature (*1)
  When you select “Conversion flow rate” in [F1] Conversion function selection, set the temperature to be used as the standard for conversion. The value can be set within the range of -10°C to 60°C in 1°C steps. When you select “Actual flow rate”, the setting of the conversion standard temperature becomes invalid.

- [F3] Conversion standard pressure (*1)
  When you select “Conversion flow rate” in [F1] Conversion function selection, set the pressure to be used as the standard for conversion. When you select “Actual flow rate”, the setting of the conversion standard pressure becomes invalid.

- [F4] About output pulse constant
  Select the output pulse constant from “10000”, “1000”, “100”, and “10”. (Unit is [L/P].) This setting may not be available depending on the combination of the model and flow-rate conversion selection. An option indicating that the item cannot be selected is not displayed. (See Table 6.)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nominal diameter</th>
<th>Pressure sensor</th>
<th>Conversion</th>
<th>Output pulse constant [L/P]</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>10</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UX</td>
<td>40</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>○</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>100</td>
<td>○</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>50</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>○</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>100</td>
<td>○</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UZ</td>
<td>40</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>○</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>500</td>
<td>OFF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>ON</td>
<td>○</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>50</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>○</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>500</td>
<td>OFF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>ON</td>
<td>○</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

When the setting of [F1] Conversion function selection is changed, the setting value of [F4] Output pulse constant is automatically changed to 1000 [L/P]. After setting [F1], set [F4] again according to need.
[F5] About operating gas pressure setting value (*2)
Set the pressure value of the environment in gauge pressure.
Set the value in the range of \[UX\] 0 to 100.00 [kPa] and \[UZ\] 0 to 500.00 [kPa] in increments of 0.01 [kPa].

[F6] About alarm output selection
The selectable alarm output items vary according to the power supply type as shown below:
- Internal battery type: Flow rate upper/lower limit alarm or battery replacement alarm
- External power supply type (24 VDC, 100 VAC): Flow rate upper/lower limit alarm or upper limit alarm of accumulated flow rate

<Flow rate upper and lower limit alarm output>
In alarm output, an alarm signal is output when the instantaneous flow-rate exceeds the alarm output upper limit value or it becomes lower than the alarm output lower limit value. An alarm signal is stopped when the instantaneous flow-rate exceeds the (alarm output lower limit value + alarm output hysteresis width) or it becomes lower than the (alarm output upper limit value - alarm output hysteresis width) while an alarm is output.
Make the setting in a way that the (alarm output upper limit value) > (alarm output lower limit value + alarm output hysteresis width).

<Battery replacement alarm>
When 5 years pass after the battery connector is connected (the power is turned on), an alarm signal is output as the time to replace the battery.

<Upper limit alarm of accumulated flow rate>
When the accumulated flow rate for 1 hour after the power is turned on becomes higher than the specified accumulated flow rate, an alarm signal is output, and that state is kept for 1 hour.
When a message to reset the accumulated value upper limit alarm is received through communication, the alarm output is stopped, but observation of the accumulated value per hour continues.

The upper value of the accumulated flow-rate is set via communication.

*For detailed communication specifications, download them from our web site.
- **[F7] About state of alarm output contact**
  As the state of the alarm output contact, select either "Normally open (n. OP)" or "Normally closed (n. CL)."
  Set this to "Normally open" in case of using a battery-powered signal receiving device.

- **[F8] About alarm output lower limit**
  Set the flow-rate value at the lower limit side of the upper/lower limit flow-rate alarm output. When it is used by "conversion flow-rate", set the conversion value.

- **[F9] About alarm output upper limit**
  Set the flow-rate value at the upper limit side of the upper/lower limit flow-rate alarm output. When it is used by "conversion flow-rate", set the conversion value.

- **[F10] About hysteresis width for alarm output**
  With regard to the flow-rate value defined for the upper and lower limits of the upper/lower limit flow-rate alarm output, set the flow-rate range to stop the alarm output. When it is used by "conversion flow-rate", set the conversion value.
  For instance, when the upper limit of the flow-rate is set to 7.00 [m$^3$/h], the lower limit of the flow-rate is set to 2.00 [m$^3$/h], and alarm output hysteresis width is set to 1.00 [m$^3$/h], an alarm is output when the flow rate exceeds 7.00 [m$^3$/h], and the alarm stops when the flow rate becomes lower than 6.00 [m$^3$/h] at the upper limit side.
  Likewise, at the lower limit side, an alarm is output when the flow rate becomes lower than 2.00 [m$^3$/h], and the alarm stops when the flow rate becomes larger than 3.00 [m$^3$/h].

- **[F11] About full scale flow-rate for analog output (**3)**
  Set the full scale flow-rate value when the instantaneous flow-rate is set for analog output. When you use analog output for the conversion flow rate, set the converted full scale flow-rate.

The flow rate values shown below are set at the time of factory shipment.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>[Nominal diameter]</th>
<th>[Pressure]</th>
<th>Full scale flow-rate value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>UX</td>
<td>40A</td>
<td>0 80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>100 300</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>50A</td>
<td>0 150</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>100 600</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UZ</td>
<td>40A</td>
<td>0 80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>500 700</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>50A</td>
<td>0 150</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>500 1300</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
• [F12] About analog output selection (*3)
Select the output signal of analog output from "Instantaneous flow-rate (FLo)", "Temperature (tEP)", and "Pressure (PrS)". Note that “Pressure” can be selected only for the conversion flow-rate type. (“Pressure” is not displayed for the actual flow-rate type.)

• [F13] About communication bit rate (*3)
Select either 4800 bps (4800)” or “9600 bps (9600)” for your communication bit rate.

• [F14] About RTU address (*3)
Select a value between 001 to 247 for the RTU address.

• [F15] About moving average number of times
Select the moving average number of times for display and output of the instantaneous flow-rate. The moving average number of times is set to 4 times upon factory shipment, and the immediate 4 measurement values are adopted. While there is no need to change the moving average number of times under normal usage, you can select 1 to 16 times. When you select 1 time, “no moving average” is set.

• [F16] About test mode time selection
You can select the test mode time. At the time of factory shipment, “3 min. (3)” is set. You can select “60 min. (60)” and “Unlimited (--)” in addition to 3 min.

• [F17] Gas type selection
Select the gas type to be measured from “13 A (13A) “Propane (Pro)”, “Butane (but)”, “Nitrogen (n2)”, and “Argon (Ar)”. “Air” displayed in the selection window is designed for maintenance, and therefore you cannot select it for normal use. Since the gas type specified upon order is set at the time of factory shipment, there is no need to change this setting under normal use.

• [F18] Low flow cutoff value
Set the low flow cutoff value where the instantaneous flow-rate is 0 m$^3$/h. The settable range is defined as 0 $\leq$ Low flow cutoff value $< Q$ (See Table 7). When you use this value for the conversion flow-rate, set the conversion value.

Table 7  Upper limit of low flow cutoff value

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Model</th>
<th>Flow-rate Q [m$^3$/h]</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>UX40</td>
<td>6.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UX50</td>
<td>20.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UZ40</td>
<td>20.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UZ50</td>
<td>30.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
[F19] Atmospheric pressure of the working environment
Set the atmospheric pressure of the working environment in absolute pressure [kPa].
At the time of factory shipment, 101.3 [kPa] is set.
There is no need to change this setting under normal use. However, if the setting value at the time of factory shipment is used at a high altitude place, error in accuracy occurs when calculating the conversion flow-rate.
The relationship between the altitude, atmospheric pressure, and maximum error in accuracy is shown in Table 8. (Reference value)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Altitude (m)</th>
<th>Atmospheric pressure (absolute pressure) (kPa)</th>
<th>Max. error in accuracy (%)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0</td>
<td>101.3</td>
<td>±0.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>200</td>
<td>98.95</td>
<td>+2.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>400</td>
<td>96.61</td>
<td>+4.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1000</td>
<td>89.87</td>
<td>+12.7</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

[F20] Selection of with or without pressure value moving averaging (*1)
Select either "With averaging (10)" or "No averaging (1)" for pressure values.
If "With averaging" is selected, the moving average value of the 10 most recently measured pressures is used for display and output.
A diagram showing the display changeover in each setting mode is given below.

![Diagram of display changeover in each setting mode]

*Fig. 7 Display changeover in each setting mode*
Fig. 8 Display changeover in each setting mode
Fig. 9 Display changeover in each setting mode

- **F14**: RTU address
  - Right button: Press left button or left button + right button.

- **F15**: Moving average number of times
  - Right button: Press left button + right button.

- **F16**: Test mode time selection
  - Right button: Press left button.

- **F17**: Gas type selection
  - Right button: Press left button + right button.

- **F18**: Low flow cutoff value
  - Right button: Press left button + right button.

- **F19**: Atmospheric pressure of the working environment
  - Right button: Press left button + right button.

- **F20**: Selection of with or without pressure value moving averaging
  - Right button: Press left button + right button.

*Do not select Air, which is prepared only for maintenance.*

*The flickering value is incremented by 1 every time the right button is pressed.*

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**Legend**
- Right button
- Left button
- Left button + right button
Warranty and after-sale service

1) Warranty period
For the period of one year after purchase, in case of a failure that is explicitly attributable to our manufacturing process, we will exchange the product for free.

2) Scope of warranty
The followings are not included in the scope of warranty.
- Failure caused by force majeure, such as natural disaster, etc.
- Disassembly or alteration of the product.
- Failure caused by mishandling.
- Failure caused by use in excess of the scope of the specifications (environment, etc.)
- Other cases determined to be not attributable to our responsibility

Warranty specified here applies to our product itself, and any damage (loss and/or damage of any products other than our product, lost earning, and lost opportunity, etc.) incurred by the customer due to a failure of our product is excluded from the scope of warranty.

3) Requesting for service
Regardless of whether or not your warrantee has expired, please contact the company you purchased the product from or our branch or sales office branch or sales office with the product name, model, construction work number, serial number, and a detailed description of the failure.

4) Points to note for long-term use
[Designed standard operating period] 10 years
The designed standard operating period refers to the standard period in which the product can be used after installation without safety problems against time-related degradation under the standard conditions (environment temperature 20°C, environment humidity 65%RH).
If you use the product longer than the designed standard operating period, safety problems of the product itself may occur such as deterioration of water-proof/dust-proof performance, smoke, fire, and electrical shock, etc.
If the designed standard operating period has passed, please use the product as checking if there is any failure in the product and consider replacing it with a new one.
The designed standard operating period is different from the warranty period. It does not guarantee that a general failure will not occur.

Warning
### Contact

**Aichi Tokei Denki Co., Ltd.**

1-2-70 Chitose, Atsuta-ku, Nagoya, Aichi Prefecture 466-8691 JAPAN

URL: [https://www.aichitokei.co.jp](https://www.aichitokei.co.jp)

For questions, please contact our branch / sales office nearby.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Branch</th>
<th>Phone</th>
<th>Branch</th>
<th>Phone</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Sapporo Branch</td>
<td>(011) 642-9500</td>
<td>Nagoya Branch</td>
<td>(052) 661-5852</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kushiro Sales Office</td>
<td>(0154) 23-7859</td>
<td>Kanazawa Sales Office</td>
<td>(076) 252-1942</td>
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<tr>
<td>Sendai Branch</td>
<td>(022) 258-1181</td>
<td>Shizuoka Sales Office</td>
<td>(054) 237-7168</td>
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<tr>
<td>Aomori Sales Office</td>
<td>(017) 742-6771</td>
<td>Nagano Sub-branch office</td>
<td>(026) 254-5677</td>
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<tr>
<td>Morioka Sales Office</td>
<td>(019) 646-8836</td>
<td>Osaka Branch</td>
<td>(06) 6305-9052</td>
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<td>Tokyo Branch</td>
<td>(03) 3209-0631</td>
<td>Hiroshima Sales Office</td>
<td>(082) 292-8289</td>
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<td>Chiba Sales Office</td>
<td>(03) 5658-1320</td>
<td>Takamatsu Sales Office</td>
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<td>Okayama Sales Office</td>
<td>(086) 207-6828</td>
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<tr>
<td>Niigata Sub-branch</td>
<td>(025) 282-5591</td>
<td>Fukuoka Branch</td>
<td>(092) 534-2050</td>
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<td>Kagoshima Sales Office</td>
<td>(099) 254-7877</td>
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<td>(0985) 24-2279</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Okinawa Sub-branch office</td>
<td>(098) 860-9792</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Overseas Business Headquarters</td>
<td>(052) 661-5150</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>